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IN THE DRAWINGS:

To overcome the Office Action's objection of the drawings, Applicants concurrently file a Submission of Formal Drawings with eleven (11) sheets of formal drawings to substitute the original filed drawing sheets. The new formal drawings amend Figs. 10 and 11 to include the label "Related Art." Applicants respectfully request that the objection to the drawings be removed.

REMARKS

Summary of the Office Action

In the Office Action, the drawings are objected to for certain informalities.

Claim 5 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to point out distinctly claim the subject matter which the applicant regards is the invention.

Claims 1-3 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,460,313 to Magnusson et al., hereinafter ("Magnusson").

Claims 4-5 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Magnusson in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,836,502 to Kanai, et al., hereinafter ("Kanai").

Summary of the Response to the Office Action

Applicants propose amending claim 5 and submitting formal drawings. Accordingly, claims 1-5 are pending for further consideration, with claim 6 being withdrawn from consideration.

Drawings

To overcome the Office Action's objection of the drawings, Applicants concurrently file a Submission of Formal Drawings with eleven (11) sheets of formal drawings to substitute the original filed drawing sheets. The new formal drawings amend Figs. 10 and 11 to include the label "Related Art." Applicants respectfully request that the objection to the drawings be removed.

All Subject Matter Complies with 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph

Claim 5 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as allegedly indefinite.

Claim 5 has been amended to correct the translational errors pointed out by the Examiner in the April 14, 2006 Office Action. Applicants respectfully submit that this rejection is respectfully traversed in light of the current amendments to claim 5. Accordingly, it is respectfully requested that all rejections under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, be withdrawn.

All Subject Matter Complies with 35 U.S.C. § 102(b)

Claims 1-3 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by *Magnusson*. Applicants respectfully traverse the rejection for the following reasons.

Applicants respectfully submit that the Office Action has not established that *Magnusson* anticipates each and every feature of Applicants' claimed invention and that all rejections under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) should be withdrawn. Namely, Applicants contend that independent claim 1 recites the features of "a table, supported by a main body frame of the electric stapler, and including a clincher mechanism for folding to bend a leg portion of the staple penetrated through the sheets along the sheets, and a wing piece formed at the table." At least these features are not disclosed or taught by *Magnusson*.

Magnusson discloses an electric stapler. See the Abstract of Magnusson. The Office Action asserts that Magnusson shows a table 12, a main body frame 11, and a wing piece 15 formed at the table. However, Magnusson actually teaches that "the arms 15 engage the staple shaper 20 and the staple driver 21 so as to reciprocate these upwards and downwards during their pivotal movement." See Fig. 3 and col. 3, line 67 -- col. 4, line 2 of Magnusson. Thus, it is understood that the arms 15 in the stapler head 12 pivot downward to drive a staple in a sheaf of

paper 14 and against a clincher in the base 11. See col. 3, lines 32-39 of Magnusson. See also

col. 6, lines 13-19 of Magnusson.

On the contrary, the present invention recites in claim 1 that "a table, supported by a main

body frame of the electric stapler, and including a clincher mechanism for folding to bend a leg

portion of the staple penetrated through the sheets along the sheets, and a wing piece formed at

the table." Therefore, according to claim 1 a clincher must be included within the table. The

clincher is clearly missing from the alleged table 12 of Magnusson. In fact, it is the fixed base

11 of Magnusson that includes the clincher and it is opposed to the driver 21. As such,

Magnusson cannot anticipate the present invention.

As pointed out in MPEP § 2131, a claim is anticipated by a prior art reference only if

each and every element as set forth in the claim is found. Verdegaal Bros. v. Union Oil Co. of

California, 2 USPO2d 1051 (Fed. Cir. 1987). Therefore, Applicants respectfully assert that the

rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) should be withdrawn because Magnusson does not teach or

suggest each feature of independent claim 1.

Additionally, Applicants respectfully submit that dependent claims 2-3 are also allowable

insofar as it recites the patentable combinations of features recited in claim 1, as well as reciting

additional features that further distinguish over the applied prior art.

All Subject Matter Complies with 35 U.S.C. § 103(a)

Claims 4-5 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Magnusson in view of Kanai. Applicants respectfully traverse the rejection for the following

reasons.

1-WA/2561089.1

To establish a *prima facie* case of obviousness, three basic criteria must be met (see MPEP §§ 2142-2143). First, there must be some suggestion or motivation, either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill the art, to combine reference teachings. Second, there must be a reasonable expectation of success. Third, the prior art references must teach or suggest all the claim limitations.

Claims 4 and 5 depend from independent claim 1 and are allowable because *Kanai* does not make up for the above-mentioned deficiencies of *Magnusson*. *Kanai* teaches a motor driven stapler. See the Abstract of *Kanai*. *Kanai* is only relied upon to provide an eccentric cam supported by the main body frame. The Office Action has not established a *prima facie* case of obviousness at least because neither *Kanai* nor *Magnusson*, whether alone or in combination, teaches or suggests all the recited features of claims 4 and 5. Namely, none of the references teaches or suggests at least the "a table, supported by a main body frame of the electric stapler, and including a clincher mechanism for folding to bend a leg portion of the staple penetrated through the sheets along the sheets, and a wing piece formed at the table," features recited in independent claim 1 from which claims 4 and 5 depend. At least these features are absent from, and are neither disclosed nor taught, alone or in combination, by either *Magnusson* or *Kanai*.

As pointed out in M.P.E.P. § 2143.03, "[t]o establish <u>prima facie</u> obviousness of a claimed invention, all the claimed limitations must be taught or suggested by the prior art". *In re Royka*, 409 F.2d 981, 180 USPQ 580 (CCPA 1974). As such, Applicants respectfully assert that at least the third prong of *prima facie* obviousness has not been met. Therefore, Applicants respectfully request that the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) should be withdrawn because *Magnusson* and *Kanai* do not teach or suggest each and every feature of independent claim 1.

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CONCLUSION

In view of the foregoing, Applicants respectfully request reconsideration and the timely allowance of the pending claims. Should the Examiner feel that there are any issues outstanding after consideration of the Response, the Examiner is invited to contact the Applicants' undersigned representative to expedite prosecution.

EXCEPT for issue fees payable under 37 C.F.R. § 1.18, the Commissioner is hereby authorized by this paper to charge any additional fees during the entire pendency of this application including fees due under 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.16 and 1.17 which may be required, including any required extension of time fees, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 50-0310. This paragraph is intended to be a **CONSTRUCTIVE PETITION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME** in accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a)(3).

By:

Respectfully submitted,

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Dated: June 29, 2006

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